

Town Council Agenda Report

SUBJECT: Ordinance

CONTACT PERSON/NUMBER

Name: Mark A. Kutney, AICP

Phone: (954) 797-1101

TITLE OF AGENDA ITEM:

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA, APPROVING CODE AMENDMENT APPLICATION ZB(TXT)03-03-00, AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE TOWN OF DAVIE, SECTION 12-32, ENTITLED "TABLE OF PERMITTED USES," TO PROVIDE FOR THE USE OF YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR: AMENDING SECTION 12-33. ENTITLED "GENERAL REGULATIONS," (W) "OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES RESTRICTED," TO ALLOW FOR OUTDOOR SALE AND STORAGE FOR YACHT MANUFACTURING AND AMENDING SECTION 12-34, ENTITLED "DETAILED USE REGULATIONS," BY CREATING SUBSECTION (EE) "YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR," TO ESTABLISH REGULATIONS FOR YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR; AMENDING SECTION 12-83, STANDARDS." ENTITLED "COMMERCIAL CONSERVATION **TABLE** "CONVENTIONAL NONRESIDENTIAL STANDARDS," TO PROVIDE STANDARDS FOR YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR; AMENDING SECTION 12-208, ENTITLED "REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING," TO ESTABLISH PARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR; AMENDING SECTION 12-503, ENTITLED "DEFINITIONS," TO PROVIDE DEFINITIONS FOR YACHT AND MARINA; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY: AND. PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

REPORT IN BRIEF: The Town of Davie annexed three (3) parcels of land adjacent to the North New River Canal in 1984 as part of the Hacienda Village annexation. Two of these parcel are used as marinas including repair and storage of watercraft, specifically yachts. One parcel is vacant with plans by the owner to develop a state-of-the-art yacht manufacturing and repair facility. The land development code does not address yacht manufacturing and repair, which is the existing and future uses of these parcels. Currently the Town regulates these parcels under the Hacienda Village Ordinance from 1974 and the current Broward County Code. Available records indicate the Town is not required by annexation agreement to retain this zoning, and may rezone the property to one or more appropriate Town zoning designations.

The proposed amendment will enable the referenced marina parcels to be rezoned to the Town M-2 District, thus eliminating an area of remnant Hacienda Village zoning, while potentially facilitating the final expansion of Rosciolli Marine on the vacant parcel to the west. Development Services Staff have identified as a priority the rezoning of properties with "Old Code" and Broward County zoning designations to current Town zoning designations. Town staff has worked with both marinas, Rosciolli and Bradford, to ensure that the proposed regulations are consistent with their current and future operating needs.

The proposed changes would allow marinas to contain both wet and dry storage facilities and allow for the manufacturing of yachts in the medium industrial zoning (M-2) classification. The current zoning classification would stay in effect until such time as the three parcels requested a rezoning to the Medium Industrial (M-2) classification.

PREVIOUS ACTIONS: The Planning and Zoning Board recommended approval of ZB(TXT 03-03-00 at its April 12, 2000 meeting (motion carried 4-0, Chairman Greb absent).

CONCURRENCES: Rosciolli Marine and Bradford Marine have concurred with the proposed code language.

FISCAL IMPACT: None.

RECOMMENDATION(S): Motion to approve.

Attachment(s): Ordinance with memo.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT Planning & Zoning Division

MEMORANDUM PZ 02-27-00

TO: Robert C. Middaugh, Town Administrator

THRU: Mark Kutney, Development Services Director

THRU: Jeff Katims, AICP, Planning and Zoning Manager

FROM: Marcie Oppenheimer Nolan, AICP, Planner II

DATE: April 12, 2000

RE: Ordinance amending the Land Development Code

BACKGROUND

The Town of Davie annexed three (3) parcels of land adjacent to the North New River Canal in 1984 as part of the Hacienda Village annexation. Two of these parcel are used as marinas including repair and storage of watercraft, specifically yachts up to 180' in length. One parcel is vacant with plans by the owner to develop a state-of the-art yacht manufacturing and repair facility. This proposed code amendment would allow the existing businesses to operate as legal conforming uses within the Town and provide land development regulations for yacht manufacturing and repair. The land development code does not address yacht manufacturing and repair, which is the existing and proposed use of these parcels. Currently the Town regulates these parcels under the Hacienda Village Ordinance from 1974 and the current Broward County Code. Available records indicate the Town is not required by annexation agreement to retain this zoning, and may rezone to the appropriate Town zoning designation.

The proposed amendment would provide for regulations under the Town of Davie Code of Ordinances, and would enable the rezoning of the properties to the Town's Medium Industrial (M-2) District, thus eliminating an area of remnant Hacienda Village zoning, while potentially facilitating the final expansion of Rosciolli Marine on the vacant parcel to the west. The rezoning of parcels with "Old Code" and Broward County zoning designations is identified as a Town priority in the Development Services Department's proposed work plan scheduled for Town Council agenda on April 18, 2000. Town staff has worked with both marinas, Rosciolli and Bradford, to ensure that the proposed regulations are consistent with their current and future operating needs.

The proposed changes would allow marinas to contain both wet and dry storage facilities and allow for the manufacturing of yachts in the medium industrial zoning (M-2) classification. The current zoning classification would stay in effect until such time as the three parcels requested a rezoning to the Medium Industrial (M-2) classification. The following sections of the Land Development Code are proposed to be amended:

- (1) Section 12-32, Table of Permitted Uses, to allow for yacht manufacturing and repair in the Town of Davie.
- (2) Section 12-33, General Regulations, to allow for yacht manufacturing and repair and marinas to store watercraft outside. The Town of Davie land development code does not allow for any outside storage except in specific circumstances, such as automobile parking lots, nonresidential agricultural uses, outdoor seating and commercial recreation activities. This change would allow the marinas to continue to store and repair yachts outside.
- (3) Section 12-34, Detailed Use Regulations, to provide specific regulations regarding the maximum size of yachts (180'), accessory uses, maximum building heights, and hours of operation. The existing County regulations provide for an increase over the Town code in the allowable height of structures, but limit the length of a yacht to 100' and does not limit the hours of operation. The section of the County code that stated this number has not been amended since 1974. New technology has greatly increased the length of yachts and the ease of maneuvering these large watercraft, such that marinas currently repair yachts up to 150' and 170' feet in length.
- (4) Section 12-83, Conventional Nonresidential Development Standards, to explicitly state the maximum allowable building heights and the required setbacks. Realizing yachts up to 180' in length have tall central towers or masts essential to the operation of these vessels, staff has proposed allowing the maximum height for yacht manufacturing and repair, and marinas to be 55' feet in height, consistent with the needs of Bradford Marine and Rosciolli Marine. Under the County code, the maximum height is 100'.
- (5) Section 12-208, Requirements for off-street parking, to provide for a parking ratio for yacht manufacturing and repair, and marinas, as one is currently not in the land development code. The proposed standard is 1 space for each 1,300 square feet of solid roofed area acknowledging that the use generates vehicular parking conditions unique within the Town. This standard was arrived at by accounting for all the current employees, the existing square footage of buildings, the proposed square footage, and the proposed additional employees. This standard is similar to other municipalities with yacht manufacturing and repair, and marinas.
- (6) Section 12-503, Definitions, provides definitions for "yacht manufacturing and repair," and "marinas."

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends Council adopt the proposed Land Development Code changes.

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA, APPROVING CODE AMENDMENT APPLICATION ZB(TXT)03-03-00, AMENDING THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE TOWN OF DAVIE, SECTION 12-32, ENTITLED "TABLE OF PERMITTED USES," TO PROVIDE FOR THE USE OF YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR: AMENDING SECTION 12-33, ENTITLED (W) "OUTDOOR ACTIVITIES RESTRICTED," "GENERAL REGULATIONS," TO ALLOW FOR OUTDOOR SALE AND STORAGE FOR YACHT **MANUFACTURING** AND **SECTION REPAIR: AMENDING** ENTITLED "DETAILED USE REGULATIONS," BY CREATING SUBSECTION **ESTABLISH** (EE) "YACHT MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR," TO **REGULATIONS FOR YACHT MANUFACTURING** AND **REPAIR:** AMENDING SECTION 12-83. ENTITLED "COMMERCIAL CONSERVATION STANDARDS," **TABLE** 12-83 "CONVENTIONAL NONRESIDENTIAL STANDARDS." TO **PROVIDE STANDARDS** FOR **YACHT** AMENDING MANUFACTURING AND REPAIR; **SECTION** 12-208. ENTITLED "REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET PARKING," TO ESTABLISH **PARKING** REQUIREMENTS FOR **YACHT MANUFACTURING AND** REPAIR; AMENDING SECTION 12-503, ENTITLED "DEFINITIONS," TO PROVIDE DEFINITIONS FOR YACHT AND MARINA; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND, PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Davie desires to amend the Land Development Code to provide for land development regulations for yacht manufacturing and repair, and marinas; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Davie held two (2) advertised public hearings, in accordance with State law, to solicit input from the public on ZB(TXT) 03-03-00.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF DAVIE, FLORIDA.

SECTION 1. That Section 12-32, Table of Permitted Uses, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:

(A) Business Park and Industrial		Distr	icts	
General Use	BP	M-1	M-2	M-3
Marina, Dry Storage	N	N	*	*
Yacht Manufacturing and Repair	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	*	<u>N</u>

SECTION 2. That Section 12-33, General Regulations, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:

- (W) Outdoor Activities Restricted.
- (1) All activities of permitted uses, including but not limited to sale, display, preparation and storage, shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building, except as follows:

 a., b., c., d.,
- e. Boats for sale and storage associated with yacht manufacturing and repair and marinas are permitted.
- <u>SECTION 3</u>. That Section 12-34, Detailed Use Regulations, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:
- (EE) Yacht manufacturing and repair: shall include the construction, customizing, outfitting, repair and storage of large boats not to exceed 180' in length. In addition, accessory uses that are directly associated with the manufacturing of yachts are permitted. Examples include: offices, engine sales, yacht brokerage, cleaning and detailing, etc.
- (1) Height. The maximum height of all yacht manufacturing and repair structures shall not exceed 55'. All other structures for related uses shall not exceed 40' in height.
- (2) Open Space and Natural Resource Protection.
- (a) Based on the use always being adjacent to the water, open water may be used to satisfy the open space requirements.
- (b) Article IV. District Performance Standards and Capacity Analysis requirements do not apply to this use, based on the jurisdictional requirements of the Department of Planning and Environmental Protection (DPEP) and the Army Corps of Engineers regulating development along the North New River Canal. All manufacturing and repair work shall follow the "Best Management Practices for Marine Facilities" published by Broward County.
- (3) Hours of Operation. Yacht manufacturing and repair shall be conducted after 6:00 AM and before 8:00 PM, Monday through Sunday.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> That Section 12-83, Conventional Nonresidential Development Standards, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:

District Area Frontage Depth Front Side Rear Height Coverage Separation O.S. M-235.000 100 f f f 35' *** 40% 20%

f Twenty-five (25) feet from all street lines; fifty (50) feet from property lines adjacent to areas zoned, occupied or Land Use Plan designated residential; ten (10) feet from property lines adjacent to areas zoned, occupied or Land Use Plan designated for nonresidential uses; one hundred twenty-five (125) feet from all property lines for the manufacture, storage or processing of concrete, cement and lime, and for heavy manufacturing, fabrication and industrial uses, excluding yacht manufacturing and repair.

*** The maximum height of all yacht manufacturing and repair, and marina structures shall not exceed 55'. All other structures for related yacht manufacturing and repair, and marina uses shall not exceed 40' in height.

<u>SECTION 5.</u> That Section 12-208, Requirements for off-street parking, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:

(39) Yacht Manufacturing and Repair, and Marinas. One (1) space for 1,300 square feet of solid roofed area.

<u>SECTION 6.</u> That Section 12-503, Definitions, of the Town Code is amended to read as follows:

Marina. A water-oriented commercial facility with boat dockage, supplies, dry storage and related sales and services for recreational and/or commercial watercraft. A small harbor with boat dockage

Yacht. A recreational watercraft up to 180' in length, usually motor driven and used for pleasure cruising.

<u>SECTION 7.</u> All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances in conflict herewith are to the extent of such conflict hereby repealed.

<u>SECTION 8.</u> If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance is, for any reason, held invalid or unconstitutional by any Court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance.

SECTION 9. This ordinance sh	all take effec	t immediately	upon its	passage a	nd
adoption.					
PASSED ON FIRST READING THIS_	DAY OF_		, 2000		
PASSED ON SECOND READING THI	SDAY ()F	, 2000		
	MAYO	DR/COUNCILI	MEMBER		
ATTEST:					
ATTEST.					
TOWN CLERK					
APPROVED THIS DAY OF _		, 2000			

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT Planning & Zoning Division

MEMORANDUM PZ 04-44-00

TO:

Robert C. Middaugh, Town Administrator

THRU: Mark Kutney, Development Services Director

THRU: Jeff Katims, AICP, Planning and Zoning Manager

FROM: Marcie Oppenheimer Nolan, AICP, Planner II

DATE: April 26, 2000

RE: Requested information regarding the Ordinance amending the Land Development Code (ZB(TXT) 03-03-00)

The attached information is provided at the request of the Town Council during the April 18, 2000 Town Council meeting regarding the proposed land development code change to provide regulations for yacht manufacturing and repair under the Town of Davie land development regulations.

The most current Broward County Department of Planning and Environmental Protection (DPEP) 'Best Management Practices for Marine Facilities' is provided. The Town was inadvertently provided outdated information. The most current date for 'Best Management Practices' is August, 1, 1999. Accordingly, staff has eliminated the reference to the date of publication of the Best Management Practices from the proposed ordinance.

In addition, staff is working with the Broward County Department of Planning and Environmental Protection to provide a representative from that County Agency at the Council meeting on May 3, 2000. Since Broward County is the lead agency in regard to environmental protection, this will enable Council to ask environmental protection questions to the appropriate regulatory agency.

Also included, for your information, is the Wetland Mitigation Plan provided by Roscioli Marina to the South Florida Water Management District, Broward County Department of Planning and Environmental Protection and the Army Corps of Engineers. Please be advised that this is not the final plan, but a draft plan that will be very similar to the one finally approved by the SFWMD. The final plan will require more mitigation, not less.

ROSCIOLI STONE HARBOR INC.

MITIGATION - MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING PLAN

INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the proposed plans for on site mitigation for the Stona Harbor project located south of New River Canal and north of State Road 84, Section 19, Township 50 South, Range 42 East, Town of Davie, Broward County, Florida and for the Pond Apple Slough mitigation site located on the south side of State Road 84, Parcels 1 and 1A along the south side of the South Fork of the New River, all are also Section 19, Township 50 South, Range 42 East, Town of Davie, Broward County, Florida. A plan for success monitoring, reporting, and maintenance is provided.

II. MITIGATION

The current development plan proposes construction of a boat manufacturing and restoration facility. The mitigation plan will provide 1.42 acres of high quality mitigation on site, comprising of 1.03 ac. of wetland enhancement and preservation and 0.39 ac. of upland enhancement and preservation. In addition 10.54 ac. of excitic infested wetlands will be enhanced within Pond Apple Slough by the removal of excitic vegetation. Approximately 0.87 ac. of wetlands in Parcel 1A will be restored and 3.22 ac. of wetlands along the South Fork of the New River (Parcel 1) will be enhanced by excitic removal. Mitigation will be established concurrent with permitted project construction. The following summarizes the mitigation proposal.

Wetland Enhancement and Preservation (1.03 ac.)

The 1.03 ac, wetlands on the western edge of the Stone Harbor property will be enhanced by the removal of exotic vegetation, increased hydrology from the discharge of treated stormwater collected from the building rooftops, and planting of cypress in areas where exotics are removed. These wetlands will be preserved through a conservation easement.

B. Upland Enhancement and Preservation (0.39 ac.)

Uplands along the New River Canal will be enhanced by the removal of exotic vegetation and the planting of native upland species. These uplands will be preserved through a conservation easement.

C. Pond Apple Slough Site Enhancement (10.54 ac.)

The Pond Apple Slough will be enhanced by removal of exotic vegetation such as Melaleuca, Australian pine, Brazilian pepper, and shoebutton ardisia. Mature trees will be treated and left in place to decompose. Other exotic vegetation will be removed by hand and stumps treated with herbicide to prevent regrowth.

D. Parcel 1A Restoration (0.87 ac.)

Parcel 1A will be restored by scraping down Australian pine dominated uplands to adjacent wetland elevations and planting with pond apple, leather fern, and swamp lily.

E. Parcel 1 Enhancement (3.22 ac.)

Parcel 1 will be enhanced by removal of exotic vegetation such as Brazilian pepper, melaleuca, shoebutton ardisia, and Australian pine within the wetlands. Exotics will be removed by hand and stumps treated with herbicide to prevent growth.

III. SUGGESTED SPECIES SELECTION

The following plants have been selected for installation:

Upland Enhancement

Tree species			Spacing
Cabbage palm	Sabal palmetto	15	10 ft. centers
Gumbo limbo	Bursera simaruba	10g	10 ft. centers
Pigeon plum	Coccoloba diversifolia	7g	10 ft. centers
Shrub species			Spacing
Cocopium	Chrysobalanus icaco	3g	5 ft. centers
Myrsine	Myrsine guianensis	3g	5 ft. centers
Herbaceous spec	cios		Spacing
Fakahatchee gra	ss Tripsicum dactyloides	3q	3 ft. centers

Wetland Preserve

			Spacing
Bald cypress	Taxodium distichum	3g	5 ft. centers

Wetland Restoration

			Specing	_#_
Pond apple	Annona glabra	1g	5 ft. centers	1000
Leather fern	Acrostichum danaefolium	1g	5 ft. centers	1000
Swamp lily	Crinum americanum	4"	3 ft. centers	3000

The number of plants cannot be determined prior to the removal of exotic vegetation from the upland berm and wetland preserve. Existing native vegetation in good health will be left in place and the species listed above will be interspersed to reflect a natural system.

Staking may be necessary for single stalk plants which shows a tendency to lean. Staking and wrapping shall not bind, cut, or tear plants. No pruning will be done to plants unless damage or breakage occurs during transporting or installation.

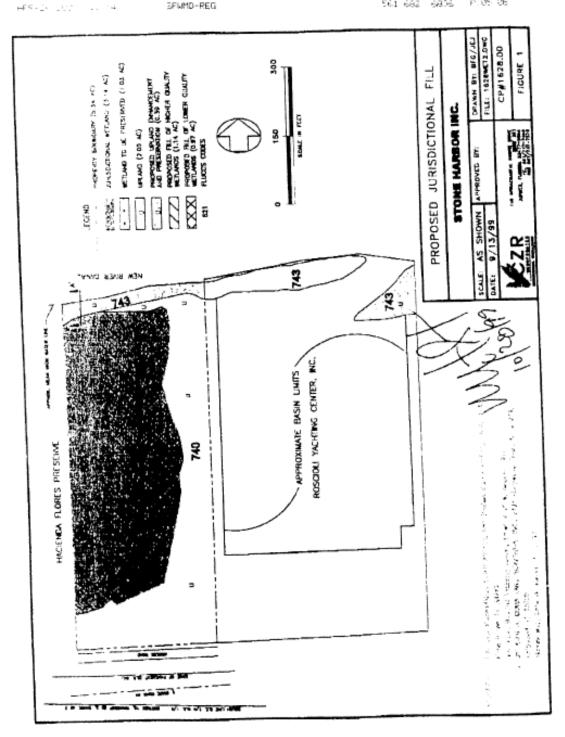
With proper placement and planting, native vegetation will require little or no maintenance such as watering, supplementing of minerals and nutrients (fertilizing), or application of pesticides. Both the natural recruitment and the planted mitigation methodologies will meet an 80 percent survival (or equivalent) ratio. The natural recruitment ratio will be based on percent cover and required plantings will be based on both numbers of individuals and percent cover.

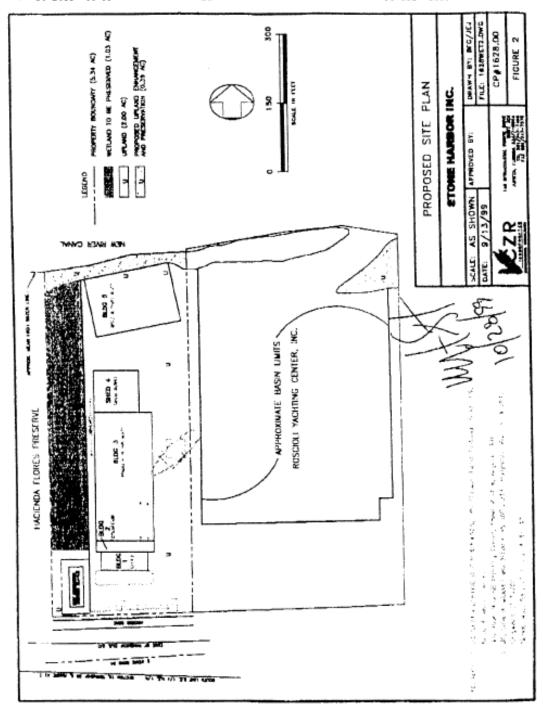
IV. POST-CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

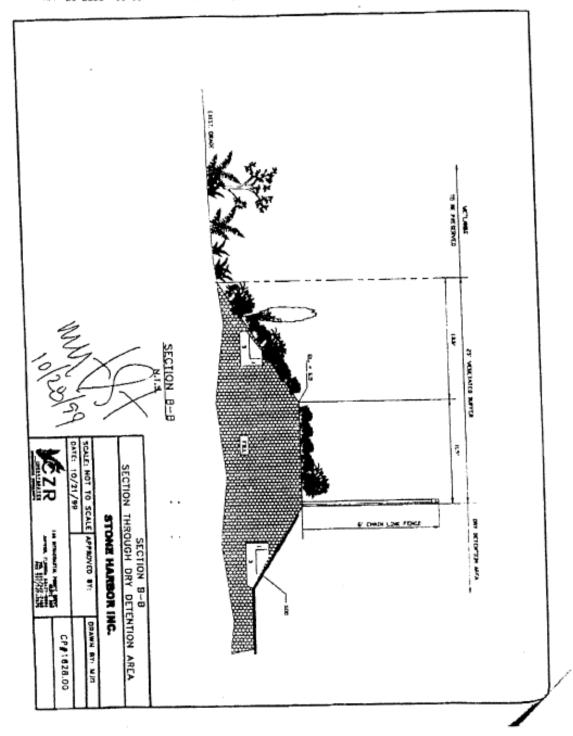
Although low maintenance is a feature of native plants, the following are postconstruction techniques which will aid their establishment and survival.

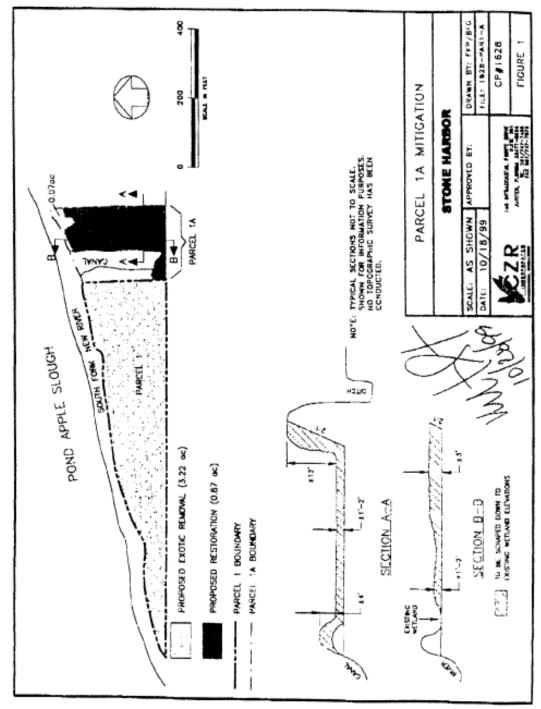
Construction barricades will be placed in areas where plant disturbance by heavy equipment or pedestrians should be controlled. Precaution will be taken to control and reduce construction-oriented pollution to the existing on-site wetlands. Land treatment chemicals and soil sterilizers will not be used in or around wetlands. Close coordination with the contractor will be accomplished to ensure that the preserved wetland and upland areas are protected. All construction debris piles will be located away from wetlands and upland preserves and ultimately removed from the site.

Signs will be permanently affixed in visible areas and shall indicate that the wetland is a preservation/mitigation area.









TOTAL P. 35

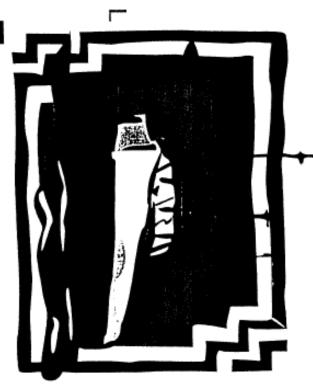
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Tenant Notification by Facility Owner	Manatee ProtectionHurricane Preparedness Plan	Disposal of Solid Waste U.S. Coast Guard MARPOL	Spray Painting Engine and Parts Storage	B. Dry Topsides	ess	-1		
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INTRODUCTION

typically include such items as: abrasive grits, spent solvents, waste oils, washwater, subsequent environmental impacts. Wastes generated by boatyard activities surface waters, soil, and groundwater of Broward County and have resulted in practices have contributed to the discharge of wastes and contaminants to the Broward County have been conducted outdoors on the waterfront. These Historically, boat repair and maintenance activities at marine facilities in compliance with applicable environmental regulations, minimize wastes, and foster a pollution prevention attitude within the marine industry. (BMPs) for marine facilities operating in Broward County to facilitate The goal of this document is to provide best management practices

agency to the Department of Planning and Environmental Protection) initiated a and to consolidate local environmental regulations into an understandable and workable groundwater, to streamline the environmental licensing process for the marine industry, used by Broward County's marine facilities. The purpose of the best management cooperative effort with the marine industry to develop best management practices to be In 1991, the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection (the predecessor document. The result was the creation of "Best Management Practices for Marine practices was to eliminate the introduction of pollutants into the waterways, soil, and

paint overspray, cleaning fluids, anti-corrosive compounds, paint chips, and scrap metal.

provide consistency in the regulation of marine facilities in Broward County. The document was updated to incorporate revised environmental rules and policies and to Protection, and Broward County Department of Planning and Environmental Protection. Broward Sheriff's Office, City of Fort Lauderdale, Florida Department of Environmental Envirocare Solutions International and included representatives from the marine industry, review and update the BMP document. The task force was chaired by Susan Engle of In 1998, a task force was formed by the Marine Industries Association of South Florida to

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safety requirements with which they must comply, such as OSHA, NFPA, and local Fire regulations and best management practices listed in this document, there are also various Marine facility owners and operators should be aware that in addition to the environmental This document is intended to apply to the environmental requirements of marine facilities.

all "marine facilities" defined as: The Best Management Practices which follow shall apply to

- All recreational boat docking facilities with ten or more boat slips;
- All boat storage facilities with ten or more storage spaces;
- All commercial boat docking facilities.
- All facilities where repairs or maintenance (painting, sanding etc.) of boats occur.

water), see B.M.P. #002: Marine facility operator shall advise all tenants of the following:

A. It is illegal to discharge raw or untreated sewage into the waters of Broward County and such acts are punishable by fines of up to \$15,000 per day; and

B. The location of the nearest public sewage pumpout facilities; and

C. All permanently installed sewage systems on vessels must be either approved Type I or II Marine Sanitation Devices or must be locked off while the vessel is docked.

Marine facility operators shall require all tenants to certify their knowledge and acceptance of these provisions in writing before providing dockage and shall further disallow dockage to any vessel which the marine facility operator knows or has reason to know is discharging sewage in violation of this section.

Bilge water and "gray" water that are not contaminated by oil, fuel or other regulated contaminants may be discharged into surface waters or on land. Federal, state and local regulations prohibit the discharge of bilge water and "gray" water that are contaminated by oil, fuel or other

Boat owners shall be liable regulated contaminants. regulations and marine supplies and equipment facilities shall inform tacility for complying with these accessible to remove oil Marine facilities shall have users of these regulations. that it may be disposed of and fuel from bilge water so of oil, fuel or other written action plan to deal petroleum absorbents and a legaliy. These shall include regulated contaminants. with significant quantities and from hand basins and operations (dish washing) waste water from galley "Gray" water shall mean showers.

All marine facilities which have live-aboard vessels

1) have a fixed or portable sewage pumpout system facility approved by DPEP which shall be maintained in operating condition and shall have appropriate signage; or

 maintain an agreement with a mobile waste hauler who is obligated to remove sewage from all live aboard vessels on a regular basis;

a) be located within one-half mile of a municipal half mile of a municipal pumpout facility or private pumpout facility which is obligated to provide obligated to provide pumpout services to pumpout services to pumpout shout which the facility and about which the facility have been notified. For purposes of this section, "live aboard" shall section.

be defined as any vessel stored in the water and used primarily as a residence. This term shall not encompass those vessels which accommodate persons for 72 hours or less.

petroleum products shall not be discharged into a storm drain, sanitary sewer storm drain, sanitary sewer or onto the open ground or or onto the open ground or surface waters. Care must surface waters. Care must be taken in handling these products and spills cleaned up promptly at the time detected. All marine facilities shall maintain a supply of petroleum supply of petroleum absorbent material and absorbent material and accessible location. In accessible location.

written Spill Prevention and facilities must have a spills. All spills greater than with petroleum product Contingency Plan to deal shall be reported to 10 gallons or 80 pounds Broward County Department of Planning & be surrounded by All storage containers must Environmental Protection. secondary containment, elements, which consists of isolated from weather preferably covered and an impermeable membrane materials in secondary or containers are placed. All or structure in which tanks containment shall be compatible. [Broward Chapter 27-County Code

oil, gear oil. Used oil must container clearly marked be stored in a non-leaking covered in a manner that "used oil" on an will prevent rain water from impermeable surface, and spills must be prevented entering the container. Oil means of a berm or from leaving the area by site by a waste transporter must be removed from the retaining structure. Used oil permitted to handle this must be retained for waste product and records inspection. [Broward County Code Chapter 27transmission fluid, hydraulic This includes engine -A. Used Oil: used

> transmission fluid new engine oil, B. New Oil: This includes petroleum products must hydraulic oil, gear oil. These covered in a manner that containers on an be kept in non-leaking entering the container. will prevent rain water from impermeable surface and detection, either by emptied promptly upon transferring the product to a non-leaking container or Leaking containers must be by disposing of it in the Chapter 27-356] "waste oil" container. Broward County Code

C. Anti-Freeze Engine
Coolant: Anti-freeze engine
coolant, when drained from
an engine, must be stored
in a clearly marked
container on an impervious

surface, under cover. It cannot be disposed of cannot be disposed of down a storm drain or in a septic system. Disposal to a septic system. Disposal to a sewer must be permitted by the sewage system owner. Or, it must be removed from the site by a waste transporter permitted to handle this waste product and records must be retained for inspection. [Broward County Code Chapter 27-356]

b. Waster Gasoline. Must be stored in a non-leaking container, on an impermeable surface and covered to prevent rain water from entering the container. The container must be clearly labeled "waste gasoline" and the storage location must storage local Fire conform to local Fire Codes. Whenever possible,

waste gasoline shall be filtered and used as a fuel. Waste gasoline shall not be discharged to the ground, storm sewers or to surface waters of Broward County. Waste gasoline must be removed from the site by a waste transporter permitted to handle this waste product and records must be retained for inspection. [Broward County Code Chapter 27-356]

E. Paints, and Waste Diesel, Kerosone, Mineral Spirits: These products must be stored in non-leaking containers on an impermeable surface, and covered to prevent rain water from entering the container. Each container must be clearly labeled with its contents. The storage locations shall conform to

systems, sewage systems discharged to the ground, paints shall not be petroleum products or disposal of waste products or to the surface waters of storm sewers, septic for inspection. Waste records must be retained handle such wastes, and transporter permitted to County Regulations. The Chapter 27 of Broward County Code Chapter 27-Broward County. [Broward must be by a waste local Fire Codes and to

F. Underground Storage
Tanks: Storage tanks are
regulated by Broward
County Code Chapter 27
and may require a separate
storage tank license.
Information can be obtained

from the DPEP Storage Tank Section.

Spills of hazardous materials greater than 10 gallons or 80 pounds shall be reported to Broward County Department of Planning & Environmental Protection at (954)519-1499. Remediation of contaminated areas may require a license from DPEP in accordance with the requirements of Broward County Code Chapter 27-356.

A. Oil spills on land: Oil spills shall be collected and put into the waste container. Oil residues may be absorbed with "spill-dry" or a



and shall be disposed of by a waste transporter permitted to handle such wastes and records must be

retained for inspection. For all spills on land that impose an immediate threat, contact National Response Center (800-424-8802) and Florida State Warning Point (800-320-0519).

B. Fuel spills on land:
Spilled diesel fuel shall be collected and placed in a waste drum. Uncollectible residual amounts may be absorbed using "spill-dry" or other petroleum absorbent materials and shall be disposed of by a waste transporter permitted

to handle such wastes, and records must be retained for inspection. All affected materials including soils must be drummed. For spills of 25 gallons or more, a discharge notification form must be completed and filed with DPEP.

Spilled gasoline shall be collected and placed in the waste container. Residues remaining on the ground may be absorbed with "spill dry" or absorbent pads, but the absorbent material must be thoroughly aerated before disposing with the regular trash to remove gasoline vapors.

C. Spills on water: There shall be kept on hand a floating containment boom large enough to enclose the area of surface water where

a spill may reasonably be also be kept available to absorbent materials shall a minimum; length of forty expected to occur, but with shall be followed as per requirements for fuel spills water. Reporting absorb spills on the surface (40) feet. Petroleum and Florida Marine Patrol 1611), DPEP (954-519-1499) Coast Guard (954-927regulations. Staff at fueling of fuel spill equipment and training in the deployment facilities shall have proper (800- DIAL €MP) materials.

D. Grease. Spilled or waste grease shall be collected and put into the waste oil container. Residues remaining on the ground may be absorbed with "spill-dry" or a similar

product and disposed of with the regular trash.

E. Oil or fuel filters: Oil or fuel filters must be crushed and drained before disposal by placing the filter in a funnel over the appropriate waste collection container to allow the excess petroleum product to drain into the container. Drained filters must be collected and recycled.

It is the responsibility of the marine facility to properly supervise the fueling operations.

A. Stationary Operations:
Fuel nozzles must have
automatic back pressure
shut-offs and must not have
a holding clip to keep the
nozzle open (i.e., the nozzle

accidentally spills in the small spill. If fuel accessible in the event of a disposed of by the shall be drummed and and all affected material contractor shall be hired, appropriate environmental disposed of per B.M.P.#005 sunlight and may then be dried in the open air under absorbent pads shall be from the ground. These pads to remove the fuel shall use the absorbent the person fueling the boat water or onto the ground, absorbent pads readily there must be petroleum vicinity of the dispenser, hand). In the immediate shall only be held open by contractor. In cases of larger spills, an from the water surface or

B. Mobile Fueling
Operations: Mobile fueling
operations at any facility
shall be the joint
responsibility of the marine
facility, the tank truck
operator and the vessel
owner. Extreme caution
must be taken to prevent
spills from occurring.

These must be stored on an impervious surface, under cover, and sent to or picked up by an approved recycler. Records must be retained for inspection.

Detergents and cleaning compounds used for washing

biodegradable and amounts shall be kept to a minimum. The waste water

generated by low pressure boat washing, including initial rinse off of boats kept primarily in dry storage, which contains no bottom paint, shall not be considered an industrial discharge or "hazardous waste" as defined in Chapter 27-352 of the Broward County Code.

be done on an impervious area designed to collect and contain the cleaning effluent. Discharges to surface waters are prohibited.

A. If detergents or solvents are not used, the steam cleaning effluent shall be directed to a properly sized grease trap/oil-water separator connected to a sanitary sewer. The grease trap/oil-water separator must provide adequate treatment to allow the effluent to meet sewer standards.

B. If detergents or solvents are used, the oil and grease are emulsified and a grease trap would no longer function properly. In these cases, treatment or recycling systems must be used. This water shall be considered industrial waste water and discharge to septic systems is prohibited. If sanitary sewers are not available,

waste water must be hauled by a DPEP licensed hauler.

C. No domestic waste water, industrial waste water, or other waste water shall be discharged into any sewer designated to carry storm water, nor shall storm water be discharged into a sewer designed to carry domestic waste water. No industrial waste water shall be discharged to sewers without prior approval from the sewage system owner and/or governing municipality.

The use of high pressure water cleaning equipment for the initial rinse-off of a vessel hauled from the water is acceptable.

or pitch which allows the concrete) and with a berm as sealed asphalt or sealed provided the waste water and collected. Waste water waste water to be contained impermeable surface (such restricted to an area with an and remove solids shall be disposed by sanitary sewer Waste water may be tank or surface waters. not be discharged to septic from pressure cleaning may This process shall be considered process tanks. used to collect waste water (see B.M.B.#009). Tanks sanitary sewer disposal meets the standards for licensed hauler. [Broward must be removed by a classified as hazardous Paint solids constituents County Code Chapter 27-

The use of this equipment to remove bottom paint from hulls is governed by B.M.P. #011.

Boat bottom Paint Removal:
Boat bottom paints contain
metal compounds that are
toxic to marine life and the
removal of these paints
from the bottom of a boat
produces a waste product
which degrades the
environment. Discharge to
surface waters is
prohibited.

Paints containing tin compounds are regulated by the EPA and these paints may be applied or removed only by persons or organizations licensed by the EPA. The EPA regulations regarding storage, application, disposal of paint containers

and paint residues, sanding dust, etc. are incorporated herein by reference.

airborne and adversely minimize grinding/sanding debris from becoming Care must be undertaken to a barrier, e.g. tarp, which emission of fugitive specifically prohibits the quality regulation Broward County's air would serve to restrict can include the erection of such emissions. precautions to minimize particulate matter without businesses and residences impacting neighboring grinding sanding and particulates, or by the flow of airborne Reasonable precautions taking reasonable conducting

operations
within a
confined area
such as a
partially enclosed
tent or hangar. The
DPEP responds to
citizen complaints
regarding fugitive

citizen complaints regarding fugitive particulate emissions resulting from sanding, sand blasting, and grinding operations.

Bottom paint shall be removed as follows:

A. Wet: Removing bottom paint by high pressure water or with a low pressure hose and a scrubber or scraper produces an "industrial waste water" as defined in Chapter 27 of the Broward County Code. As a result, this activity must be

standards for disposal in copper) and meet the contained. This waste water properly. collected and disposed of Paint solids shall be sanitary sewer systems. conditions of discharge to Refer to B.M.P. #009 for Broward County Code. sanitary sewers, as defined heavy metals (principally so as to reduce the levels of disposal, it must be treated disposed of, but prior to may be recycled or waste water can be a retaining berm so that the (not over open ground) with as sealed asphalt or cement impermeable surface such conducted over an in Chapter 27 of the

B. Dry: Removing bottom paint by dry sanding (either by hand or with power

> surrounding the area so a berm or retaining wall ground) and there must be sanding must be done over tugitive emissions. paint dust and reduce recommended to capture use of dustless sanders is disposed of properly. The be swept or vacuumed and that the sanding dust can plastic, etc. (not over open material such as canvas, as asphalt, cement, or a an impervious surface such (principally copper). This hazardous metals dust containing potentially tools) produces a sanding

C. Paint chips, sanding debris and other solids may be hazardous waste if they contain lead and/or chromium. Waste determinations must be made to determine if paint

a licensed waste hauler. waste must be removed by determined to be hazardous solids which are sanding debris, and other adequate amount for container until they have chips in a secure, closed contain hazardous metals. analysis. If the origin is Generator can accumulate to check if the paints must make a waste analysis unknown, the generator testing. Paint chips, Data Sheet) or 2) waste knowledge (Material Safety be made by 1) product Waste determinations can solics are hazardous waste.

012 Sanding Hull or

Topsides:
The sanding dust generated by this activity shall be collected and disposed of properly and may not be

intentionally discharged into a storm drain or onto surface waters. Wet sand blasting shall be subject to the same provisions as other wet paint removal operations.

A. Where sanding is conducted on land, reasonable precautions shall include laying drop cloths beneath the area being sanded and collecting the debris for proper disposal. The use of dustless sanders is recommended for this operation.

B. Where sanding is conducted in the water, every effort must be made to keep sanding dust from falling into the water.

Plastic sheeting should be taped to the hull beneath

the area being sanded and should be draped over floating rafts to collect falling sanding dust. The area must also be boomed such that sanding dust that accidentally reaches the water may be immediately collected and removed via skimming or other effective methods.

Care must be undertaken to minimize grinding/sanding debris from becoming airborne and adversely impacting neighboring businesses and residences. Broward County's air quality regulations specifically prohibits the emission of fugitive particulate matter



reasonable precautions to minimize such emissions.
Reasonable precautions can

barrier, e.g. tarp, which include the erection of a conducting sanding and would serve to restrict the grinding operations within a particulates, or by flow of airborne hangar. The DPEP responds partially enclosed tent or confined area such as a regarding fugitive to citizen complaints operations. sand blasting, and grinding particulate emissions resulting from sanding,

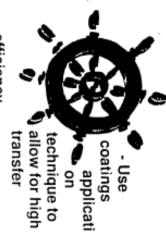
O13 Capacy Pantition: Care must be undertaken to minimize paint overspray

> and residences. Broward neighboring businesses from adversely impacting regulations specifically County's air quality without taking reasonable precautions to minimize prohibits the emission of can include the erection of such emissions. fugitive particulate matter confined area such as a by painting within a flow of paint overspray, or would serve to restrict the a barrier, e.g. tarp, which Reasonable precautions spray booth or a partially enclosed tent or hangar. citizen complaints coating (paint spray) resulting from surface regarding overspray The DPEP responds to operations.

> > Surface coating operations shall be performed in compliance with Broward County's air quality regulations which serve to minimize objectionable odor and volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions. This can best be accomplished as follows:

- Store waste paint and solvent only in covered containers to prevent evaporation to the atmosphere;
- Direct solvent from cleaning spray equipment into containers to prevent evaporation to the

atmosphere;
- Whenever possible
use solvents with
low volatility and
coatings with low
VOC content; and



efficiency.

In addition, to prevent spray painting operations from adversely affecting adjacent soils and surface waters, the spray painting should be done as follows:

A. Spray painting on land must occur over an impermeable surface and in such a manner that overspray does not fall on open ground or surface waters. A boom must be available to contain any overspray on surface waters. Overspray on water must be removed

immediately from the surface of the water.

skimming or other effective collected and removed via water may be immediately accidentally reaches the spray painted and should overspray which boomed such that rafts to collect overspray. be draped over floating should be taped to the hull effort must be made to keep The area must also be beneath the area being water. Plastic sheeting paint from falling in the water is performed, every B. If spray painting over

014 Engine and Parts Storage: Outdoor disassembly of engines and parts is not permitted unless drip pans,

> surface such as sealed covered, impervious contact with rainwater. which prevents direct asphalt or cement. parts is prohibited unless storage of disassembled engine fluids. Outside prevent any release of other steps are taken to secondary containment, or must be stored on a Engines and engine parts inspection and in a manner fluid cavities open for empty and stored with the

Parts washing may not be done over open ground. Parts washing must be done in a container or parts washer. The parts must be rinsed or air dried over the parts cleaning container. The dirty parts washing fluid must be recycled or

disposed of by a licensed waste hauler.

0161

All facilities shall provide an adequate number of leak proof containers for the disposal of solid waste and garbage. All marine facilities shall post a minimum of two (2) signs prominently placed to educate the public to keep trash from entering the water. It is recommended the facility provide marked recycle bins for customers.

applate to the

MARCHART THESE
Require These
regulations can be obtained
by contacting the U.S.
Coast Guard at (305)536-

All marine facilities shall post a minimum of two(2) "Manatee Caution" signs within their facility. Said signs shall be visible to vessels as they enter and exit the facility. In addition, all facilities shall provide vessel owners written manatee information every November.

marine facilities shall prepare a written hurricane preparedness plan for their facility and provide a copy to all vessel owners using the facility during hurricane season.

facilities shall make their tenants aware of the applicable requirements set

out by these Best
Management Practices and
tenant's responsibility for
tenant's infractions. Except
as otherwise noted in these
Practices, this notification
may take the form of a sign,
easily readable and posted
at a conspicuous common
area of the facility, which
contains the following
information:

The facility owners and operators are committed to the preservation of the local water, land and air quality and comply with the requirements of the Broward County Best Management Practices for Marine Facilities.

Sound environmental practices require that all Tenants obey the following

- may be discharged into the contaminated bilge water No raw sewage or oil-
- barrels/containers located disposed of in the marked gasoline, diesel, paint, mineral spirits may only be coolant, hydraulic fluid, including used oil, engine All hazardous chemicals,
- operator. materials must be reported oil or other hazardous All spills of gas, diesel, immediately to the facility
- soaps and the amount of a minimum. soap used must be kept to washed with biodegradable Boats may only be

sanding debris must be rainwater. might be exposed to may not be left where it water or the ground and marked barrels located captured and taken to the Removed paint chips and be allowed to enter the . This debris may not

environmental rules should be reported (DPEP) at (954)519-1499. Violators may to the Broward County Department of Planning & Environmental Protection be subject to enforcement action. Violations of state and county